

THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN

AN INDEPENDENT PROGRESSIVE JOURNAL

TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR

10 PAGES

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1916

10 PAGES

VOL. XXVII, NO. 54

MEXICO INVITES MINE OPERATORS TO RESUME WORK

German Submarine Merchantman Moored at Guarded Pier

READY TO DISCHARGE MILLION DOLLAR CARGO AND RETURN AFTER EVENTFUL ACHIEVEMENT

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]
BALTIMORE, Md., July 10.—The daring German seamen who brought the submarine merchantman Deutschland across the Atlantic during the night of July 9, arrived quietly tonight aboard their vessel, which lay moored to a carefully screened pier guarded by a strong squad of Baltimore police. Captain Paul Koenig, the skipper, had delivered his papers to the North German Lloyd officers, entered his vessel at the customs house as a commercial carrier, and presented to the German embassy the packet of correspondence for Count von Bernstorff.

Now the submarine is ready to discharge her million dollar cargo of dyestuffs and take aboard for the return trip to Germany metal and rubber needed by the emperor's armies and navy.

The return merchandise is waiting on the dock and the time for leaving port will depend largely upon plans for eluding vigilant enemy cruisers expected to be waiting outside the entrance of Chesapeake bay for the re-appearance of the vessel.

One of Captain Koenig's first acts after he moved his ship up the harbor from quarantine early today was to announce that the Deutschland was but one of a fleet of mammoth submarines built or building for a regular trans-Atlantic freight and mail service. He said the next to come would be the "Bremen," and that she might be looked for at some port along the coast within eight weeks.

Anxious to establish promptly his peaceful character and to forestall investigation sought by diplomatic representatives of the allied powers, the German captain submitted his craft to a thorough inspection by the surveyor of the port and an agent of the department of justice. These officers, as well as the customs inspectors and quarantine surgeons, agreed that there was no sign of armament of any description on board and that there was no doubt in their minds about the boat being entitled to the status of an ordinary merchantman. Guy V. Steele, the surveyor, made a formal report to this effect to Port Collector Ryan, who transmitted it to the treasury department at Washington.

Neither Captain Koenig nor agents from the North German Lloyd line, to whom the boat is consigned, evinced the slightest uneasiness over the suggestion that there might be diplomatic difficulties. These questions had been given due consideration in advance and nothing was left undone to make the status of the ship unquestionable. It was stated on the authority of the captain that the only arms on board were four automatic pistols belonging to the officers and a sportsman's rifle for firing rockets.

This was a busy day for the commander, beginning at dawn, when quarantine officers came aboard, received the bill of health issued by the American consul at Bremen, and passed the Deutschland into port.

(Continued on Page Three)

COLORADO SPRINGS SENDS CONGRATULATIONS

COLORADO SPRINGS, July 10.—One hundred German-Americans of Colorado Springs sent congratulatory telegrams today to Captain Koenig of the German submarine Deutschland which reached Baltimore Sunday.

DEUTSCHLAND OFFICER IS SEA SICK ON TRAIN

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

NEW YORK, July 9.—First Officer Franz W. Krapohl of the German submarine merchantman Deutschland, arrived in New York late tonight from Baltimore on his way to the German summer embassy at Rye, N. Y. He carried three sacks of special mail and was accompanied by Hahel Von Haimhausen, counselor of the embassy. Coming from Baltimore, Krapohl complained of the motion of the train, saying:

"It keeps up, I will get seasick."

He asserted that the Deutschland runs so smoothly that one could play a game of billiards within her at a depth of 15 to 20 meters. Reminded that all commerce vessels entering the waters of the United States must carry sufficient life saving devices, the first officer declared that the Deutschland was equipped with life boats and life belts. Forward of the conning tower of the great submarine he said, was a life boat with life belts and accommodations and provisions for 23 men. A smaller boat aft of the conning tower had accommodations for six men. He stated that the boats could be launched in two minutes.

Krapohl said that early in June the Deutschland was visited by Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of the German emperor, and his wife. Prince Henry presented Captain Koenig with an autograph of himself upon which was written a poem of his own composition. The English translation follows:

"To the first German commerce submarine:

"To battle and fight is not your call.

"Your mission is one of peaceful trade.

"Go on then, God speed you and bless the trip.

"Be courageous and brave as true Germans are."

"All Germany wishes you from the depths of its heart."

"Good luck and a safe return home."

(Continued on Page Three)

INTERNATIONAL LAW QUESTION WILL SOON BE CLEARED AWAY

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Federal officials believe tonight the question of international law raised by the arrival of the German super-submarine Deutschland might be soon cleared away.

A preliminary report during the day from Collector Ryan at Baltimore indicated that the vessel was purely a merchant ship devoid of any peculiar status because of the unprecedented manner of her trip across the Atlantic. Should this indication be borne out by the more detailed explanation that will be made, officials see no reasons why diplomatic complications should develop. There was no prospect tonight that the allied governments were preparing to protest in the event that the Deutschland is held to be a merchantman.

The navy department today detailed Captain C. F. Hughes to aid the Baltimore collector in examining the submarine. An officer familiar with submarine construction will accompany Captain Hughes but they will act merely in an advisory capacity and the attitude of the government will be determined by the final report to be made by the collector.

Rumors that objection might be raised by Captain Koenig of the

Deutschland or by embassy officials to a closer inspection of the submarine on the ground that she is of a secret type of construction were not generally credited by officials who expect no serious opposition in their investigation. Such objection will probably result in the recall of Captain Hughes and it would then be incumbent on the German government to offer conclusive evidence of the submarine's peaceful character.

Germans Say Offensive Virtually At Standstill

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

BERLIN, (Via London), July 10.—German correspondents on the west front telegraphing Sunday agree in reporting that the great offensive is virtually at a standstill. They also assert that it achieved no results of practical importance in the week it lasted and that what gains were made were quite out of proportion to the losses suffered.

The correspondent of the local Anzeiger says: "The offensive has been at a standstill for the last three days

ADVANCE BY ENTENTE ALLIES UNCHECKED

FRENCH NEAR PERONNE WHILE BRITISH GAIN IN MAMETZ WOOD

(By Republican Associated Press Leased Wire)

The French in their operations south of the Somme have advanced to within about a mile of Peronne at present held strongly by the Germans. They have occupied the summit known as Hill No. 97 which commands the Somme to the south east of Blaches, and have strengthened their positions between Blaches and Berleux.

Desperate fighting has occurred between the British and the Germans at Trones wood against which the Germans launched six separate attacks. Five of these were repulsed, according to the British war office, but the sixth was successful in that it permitted the Germans to penetrate the wood where latest reports said the fighting continued.

The British troops, however, made some gains in the neighborhood of Ouillevs and La Boisselle, and in a particularly powerful attack on the German positions in the Mametz wood succeeded in winning some ground where previously the resistance had been too strong to break.

The forces of the German crown prince are still pounding heavily against the French positions at Froide Terre, Fleury, and the Fumin wood, in the Verdun sector but so far as the official statements show, the actions have been confined to bombardments.

There apparently has been no halt of the Russian advance toward Kovol in Volhynia. The German defenses along the Stokhod river have been unable to stay the progress of the Russians who though strongly opposed, have crossed the river at various points. The latest communication from Russian general headquarters shows that the two opposing armies are in the midst of a terrific struggle. Along this line the battle still is in progress. In the Divna sector and east of Maranovichi the Germans delivered strong counter attacks and are undertaking extensive offensive operations.

The fighting between the Italians and Austrians continues with unabated fury, the Austrian official statement describing the repulse of Alpine forces between the Brenta and the Etsch rivers more than 800 Italian dead being left before the Austrian trenches.

British forces under General Smuts have occupied Tanga, the second port in importance on the coast of German East Africa and the terminus of a German railroad.

On Both Fronts Heavy Fighting Still Persists

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

LONDON, July 10.—On both eastern and western front, heavy fighting persists. This is especially the case on the western front where the struggle is not without fluctuations of fortune and brings to mind the warnings of the correspondents from the opening of the Somme battle that steady, methodical pressure rather than brilliant advances must be expected.

The British official statement tonight says that the Germans have captured Trones wood and records further progress east of Ouillevs and La Boisselle, in addition to a footing secured by the British in the Mametz wood, where heretofore the Germans had resisted all the British efforts.

The German official communication admits French possession of Blaches only a short distance from Peronne, which town is thus seriously exposed and threatened.

On the eastern front the Russians have crossed the Stokhod river at many points.

German war correspondents are already claiming that the allied offensive has been brought to a standstill. The correspondent of the Berlin Tageblatt with the Austrian army testified to the inexhaustible supply of Russian troops, the great efficiency of the Russian artillery and cavalry and the ending of supplies of ammunition, as in great contrast to the condition of the Russian forces last year.

The Germans are continuing their strong attacks along the Russian front but the view is held here that this is only with the object of gaining time to perfect the defenses of Kovol and Vladimir-Volynski, and to remove large stores of military material from these points to Brest-Litovsk and Ivanogor.

DELAY IRISH PARLIAMENT

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

LONDON, July 11.—According to the London morning papers it probably will be well into the year 1917 before the new Irish parliament is set up. Little can be done other than the introduction of the bill before parliament rises early in August for a recess of from six to eight weeks so that the passage of the bill is not likely before late in October.

PUTS BLAME ON VILLA

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

SANTA FE, N. M., July 10.—The will of Jose Rangel, one of the four Villistas hung recently at Deming, for complicity in the Columbus raid, was made public here yesterday. The will is written in Spanish and after affirming Rangel's belief in the Catholic religion, declares he participated in the raid at the behest of his commander, Villa, expressed patriotic love for Mexico and declares that he had neither friends nor relatives to console him in his sorrow. It concludes with a statement that he is penniless and bears no malice toward any one.

UTAH CAVALRY ARRIVES

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

NOGALES, Ariz., July 10.—Four troops of the First Utah cavalry detached here tonight in a downpour of rain and immediately went into camp near the Connecticut troops on the outskirts of the city.

CALLES CERTAIN NO BREAK COMING; ORDERS VOLUNTEERS BACK TO FIELDS

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

DOUGLAS, Ariz., July 10.—In a statement issued to the Associated Press tonight, General P. Elias Calles, military commander of Sonora, said: "Advices I received today from Mexico were so satisfactory and made me feel so sure that there can be no break between Mexico and the United States, that I have ordered the mobilization of my troops now in the border districts, discharged from the national service and ordered the reopening of all public offices along the border."

"I have also extended an invitation to foreigners to return to Sonora and will protect them and their property."

"All of the volunteers who took up arms for their country have been ordered to return to their homes, to plant their fields and aid the government in bringing about a return of normal conditions."

"The railroads of Sonora will reopen for public traffic immediately."

"I have ordered the bulk of my troops to proceed to the Yaqui river valley to take up the Indian campaign once more in order that life and property of Mexicans and foreigners may be safe. Each of my subordinate commanders has been instructed to punish anyone, soldier or civilian, who does not extend every courtesy to foreigners."

General Calles sent the same message to General T. F. Davis, commander of the Arizona district, tonight.

ORPET HEARS CRIME CHARGES IN SEQUENCE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

WAUKESHA, Ill., July 10.—William H. Orpet, who for a month has heard charges and insinuations made against him piece-meal by witnesses in his trial for the alleged murder of Marion Lambert, had them served up in coherent sequence today.

He had grown used to it, however, and remained calmly in his chair throughout the long hot day in Judge Donnelly's court room.

His mother was in her usual seat by his side and on the other sat a friend of unusual interest—Mrs. Edwin Taylor, at whose home he lodged while attending the University of Wisconsin at Madison.

Mrs. Taylor was one of the Wisconsin witnesses wanted by the state and none of whom responded. Both sides having rested their evidence last Saturday, however, Mrs. Taylor took the train for Chicago and entered court secure in the fact that it was too late to call her to the stand.

The defendant when a witness, admitted that as a part of his alibi, attempting to conceal the fact of his trip to Lake Forest, he rumpled his bed so that Mrs. Taylor would think that he slept in it. She took pains to show

(Continued on Page Three)

NO DEFINITE STEPS TOWARD BEGINNING OF NEGOTIATIONS

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Acting Secretary Polk of the state department and Eliseo Arrondondo, Mexican ambassador-designate, conferred briefly today but in the absence of formal instructions to the ambassador from General Carranza, no definite steps were taken toward beginning the proposed negotiations for settlement of differences between the two governments.

The conference was an informal talk and followed the ambassador's visit to the department with further advice from his government regarding the operations of Villa bands near Corralitos, Mexico. The de facto authorities, Mr. Arrondondo said, had secured more definite information to the effect that the bandits were headed toward Boquilla or some point near there on the Texas border. The ambassador renewed the warning previously given American military authorities and gave assurances that Carranza troops would make every effort to check the attempted raid.

The substance of the message was forwarded to General Funston. It contained no estimate of the bandit forces and made no mention of Villa himself. The ambassador also assured Mr. Polk that the searching of a Mexican sailing vessel near Guaymas by officers from an American gunboat had been satisfactorily explained.

Mr. Arrondondo momentarily is expecting the word from his government which will make it possible to begin the diplomatic negotiations. The state department had no intimation as to the form which would be followed, though the delay was taken to mean that a formal joint conference might be proposed rather than a series of informal

ASSURANCE IS GIVEN OF FULL PROTECTION

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

DOUGLAS, Ariz., July 10.—The managers of several of the large mining properties in Sonora held conferences with General P. Elias Calles, military commander of Sonora, today, by his request and personally received the invitation of the Mexican government to return to work with their foreign employees.

General Calles guaranteed them safety of person and property. J. S. Williams, Jr., general manager of the Moctezuma Copper company at Naco, Arizona, George Kingdon, general superintendent of the Cananea Consolidated Copper company at Cananea and T. R. Budrow, general manager of the El Tigre mine at El Tigre, indicated that they were ready to return to work as soon as the United States embargo against ex-employees had been raised. Until this has been done, none of the large companies can operate, the managers agreed.

A few of the heads of departments will go to Naco, Arizona Tuesday to inspect company property, to report to Mr. Williams on the feasibility of immediate work on a large scale.

Messrs. Kingdon and Budrow also indicated that they would take the same step. All three of the properties have been operated by Mexican employees since the departure of the Americans.

There is a reserve supply of mining powder at each of the three camps, it was learned today. This was commandeered by the troops of General Calles and at one time, when the war scare was at its height, many saw pipe bombs were prepared, but not loaded.

If assured that the embargo would be lifted in the near future, all three companies would be in full operation by the end of the week. It was stated today in reliable sources. A number of smaller properties will reopen at once, owners and employees preparing to leave Tuesday.

Torrential rainstorms Sunday and today caused great discomfort among the newly arrived national guardsmen from New Jersey and Montana. Many of the men had not trekked their tents and these were dragged as a result. One result was to place many men on the sick list with colds.

Troops B and D, First squadron, New Jersey brigade, arrived here early today and made camp in camp Frederick Funston.

Major John W. Loveland, Fifth New Jersey Infantry, was thrown from his horse today, having his shoulder dislocated.

Jointly Guard Border

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., July 10.—Without formal agreement it appeared probable today that the plan of a joint guarding of the border country proposed by General Funston and General Scott during their conferences at El Paso might be worked out by officers commanding troops on opposite sides of the international line.

General Bell at El Paso already has discussed with General Gonzalez a plan of co-operative work and Captain A. V. Anderson, commanding the American troops at Presidio, talked with Colonel Rojas, commander of the Mexican garrison at Olmita, opposite Presidio of the best means of preventing raids.

No instructions from department headquarters have been sent to the border commanders to enter into negotiations with Mexican officers, but it was indicated that similar efforts would be made by all American officers whose commands face Mexican troops.

Colonel Gaston, commanding the American troops in the Big Bend district, watched for signs that Villa's men or other bandits were moving against the border but his reports late today indicated continued quiet. Additional troops will reach him tomorrow. It is believed that he will

(Continued on Page Two)

Lowlands In Six States Covered By High Waters

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

ATLANTA, Ga., July 10.—Low lands in six southern states were today covered by high waters of streams which had overflowed under almost continual rainfall since last Wednesday. Eleven deaths reported today made the toll 78 dead or missing, 55 of whom were members of the crews of ten schooners reported unaccounted for at Biloxi, Miss., as a result of the tropical storm last week. Other dead are off the coast near Mobile and at interior points in Mississippi, Alabama, and Georgia.

Property damage will amount to millions of dollars and thousands of persons are homeless. At many places boats are being used to rescue

those marooned in their homes or in treets. In Alabama conditions have assumed the most serious aspect. A rainfall that has continued for more than one hundred hours at some places has crippled wire and rail communications and demoralized business. Railroad yards and manufacturing plants in Montgomery are threatened by the rising waters of the Alabama river. Selma citizens today organized relief parties for work among the flood victims along the Cahaba and Alabama river valleys where 2,000 families have been driven from their homes. Prattville, Ala., a town of 3,000 inhabitants, is almost entirely covered.